### **Course Syllabus Template**

Department/Faculty: Law School			
Graduate Program: Political a	nd Economic Law		
Degree			
Academic Master's	□ Doctorate (PhD)	☐ Professional Master's	
Course Name: Interactive and	Learner-Centered Methodolog	y for University Teaching	
Professor(s): Felipe Chiarello	de Souza Pinto/ Richard L.	Roe	
Office hours: 48 class hours			
Course Overview			

#### Course brief:

The course merges theory with best practices of experienced-based teaching methodology. It will be taught using the same interactive, learner-centered methodology it intends to develop with the participants. For class sessions 1-10, in the opening 2 hours participants will be presented with a series of interactive activities in which they will draw upon their existing knowledge and values, engage in discussion, negotiation and debate with their peers, and experience and share insights into exemplary learning objectives and methods to achieve and evaluate them. Because there are no predetermined answers to these activities, participants will develop their voices, opinions, and reasoning skills, which will be valued throughout the process. Participants will engage in a variety of novel, creative hypothetical scenarios of increasing complexity, requiring them to work collaboratively to construct meaning in a new learning framework. Participants will observe, reflect, and compare learning outcomes with diverse methods in the context of readings rich in learning theory and best practices. In the final hour of class, participants, in small groups, will apply the methodology to their own areas of interest to develop exemplary lesson ideas, which will be shared with the full class. For class sessions 11-12, participants will present exemplary lessons of their own design for analysis and discussion.

## **Conceptual brief:**

Scientific Knowledge. Best teaching and learning practices. Curriculum and lesson development. Delimitation of objectives, methods and assessments. Lesson planning. Definition of methodology. Analysis methodology. Exposure methodology.

### Objectives:

As a result of this course, participants will demonstrate best practices and theoretical underpinnings of interactive, learner-centered teaching and learning in a variety of academic disciplines. They will demonstrate proficiency and creativity in developing high cognitive and expressive learning outcomes, methods and assessments that develop and measure learners' practical and theoretical knowledge, skills and motivation, ranging from basic knowledge, advanced comprehension, application of learning to practice, analysis of learning content and methods, synthesis of knowledge and principles, and evaluation of learning attainments in themselves and in the context of larger ideas and principles.

# **Program content:**

- 1. Fundamentals of learning: learning as the construction of knowledge
- 2. Opinions: forming a view, developing a voice, sharing ideas
- 3. Beyond opinions: higher order cognitive and expressive skills. Fact-based thinking.
- 4. Educational outcomes and objectives: Bloom's Taxonomy of Educational Objectives
- 5. Comprehension and its components. Shifting from meaning receivers to meaning makers and from product to process. The process is the product.
- 6. Application: relating facts and ideas beyond their initial boundaries
- 7. Analysis: Identifying, separating, relating and associating an entity's component parts
- 8. Synthesis: building, integrating, creating, harmonizing parts into a whole.
- 9. Evaluation: using the full range of cognitive and expressive skills to assess the worth or value of a thing, concept, principle or idea. Diverse approaches to assessments.
- 10. Best practices of teaching and learning. Lesson planning with objectives, methods and assessments. Comparing these across the curriculum. Learning how to learn.

### Methodology:

Interactive seminars; participatory methodology; discussion, reflection and application; integration of readings with experience; development of exemplary practices and lessons; reports and demonstrations.

## **Evaluation criteria:**

Classroom participation, observations, discussions and reports Reflective journals

Completed exemplary lesson in the form of final presentations

According to the General Regulation of Stricto Sensu Post-Graduation, Art. 98:

- A excellent: corresponds to grades in the interval between grades 9 and 10;
- B good: corresponds to grades in the interval between grades 8 and 8.9;
- C regular: corresponds to grades in the interval between grades 7 and 7.9;
- R disapproved: corresponds to grades in the interval between grades 0 and 6.9

# **Bibliography:**

Arthurs, S., Cooperman, M., Gallagher, J., Grealy, F., Lunney, J., Marrs, R., & Roe, R. (2017). From Zero to 60: Building Belief, Capacity and Community in Street Law Instructors in One Weekend. International Journal of Clinical Legal Education, 24(2), 118-241.

John D. Bransford, et al., National Research Council, <u>How People Learn</u>, National Academy Press, Washington, DC, 2000

Linda Darling-Hammond and John Bransford, Eds., <u>Preparing Teachers for a Changing World</u>, John Wiley and Sons, 2005.

Bransford, John D., Ann L. Brown and Rodney Cocking, Eds. How People Learn: Brain, Mind and School. National Academy Press, 2000

Nadine M. Lambert and Barbara L. McCombs, Eds., <u>How Students Learn: Reforming Schools Through Learner-Centered Education</u>, American Psychological Association, 1998.

Jerome Bruner, The Culture of Education, Harvard University Press, 1996

Paulo Freire, Pedagogy of the Oppressed, 30th anniversary ed. New York: Continuum, 2000.

John Dewey, Democracy and Education, Project Guttenberg, 1916.

Max van Manen, Pedagogical Tact: What to Do When You Don't Know What to Do. Routledge, 2016.

Gutmann, Amy. Democratic Education. Princeton University Press, 1987

Cozolino, Luis. The Social Neuroscience of Education. W.W. Norton, 2013.

SCHEDULE		
MEETING	CLASS THEME(S)	
1st	Meet and Greet. Overview of course and requirements. Introduction to learning as the construction of knowledge. Stating and assessing opinions. Valuing student speech.	
2nd	Beyond opinions: introduction to fact-based and rule-based activities; examining the meaning of comprehension. Drawing students' prior knowledge into the classroom. Being listened to and seen.	
3rd	Applying facts to rules. Applying principles to facts. Shifting the work of learning, the cognition and expression, to the learners. Developing objectives. Lesson planning and Bloom's Taxonomy of Educational Objectives. Competency-based learning.	
4th	Promoting student questions. See, think, wonder. Roleplays and videos.	
5th	Increasing the complexity, exploring concepts deeply. Case studies. Uses and value of imagination.	
6th	Evidence-based reasoning. Interpreting and using data. Basics of systemic thinking.	
7th	Synthesizing principles from diverse experiences. Measuring competencies by rubrics. Creating rubrics and utilizing them for instruction and assessment.	
8th	Complex hypotheticals: their use, value and construction.	
9th	Assessing experiential, interactive, learn-centered learning. Looking more closely at other disciplines: social science, hard science, and mathematics.	
10th	Review, synthesis and valuation. Bringing loose threads together.	
11		
12	Participant presentations, continued. Wrap up and conclusions.	